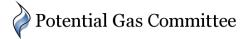
# Potential Supply of Natural Gas in the United States

Report of the Potential Gas Committee (December 31, 2016)





- Potential Gas Committee (PGC):
  - Non-profit group of ~80 volunteer geoscientists and engineers.
  - Biennial assessments of technically recoverable U.S. natural gas endowment since 1964.
- Assessment as of year-end 2016 (mean values):
  - 2,817 Tcf of total U.S. technically recoverable gas resources:
    - 302 Tcf or 12% increase over the previous year-end 2014 assessment.
    - Shale gas resources (1,797 Tcf) account for 64% of total gas resources.
  - Total U.S. future gas supply (reserves+resources) stands at record 3,141 Tcf.





### **Organization**

#### **Potential Gas Committee (PGC)**

~80 volunteers

Ronald J. Kelley
President/General Chairman

Natalie H. Reagan Chairman of the Board

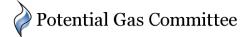
- Recruits personnel and supervises work
- Develops assessment policy and procedures
- Directs and manages studies of gas resources
- Prepares reports on natural gas resources

### Potential Gas Agency (PGA) Colorado School of Mines

Supported by industry

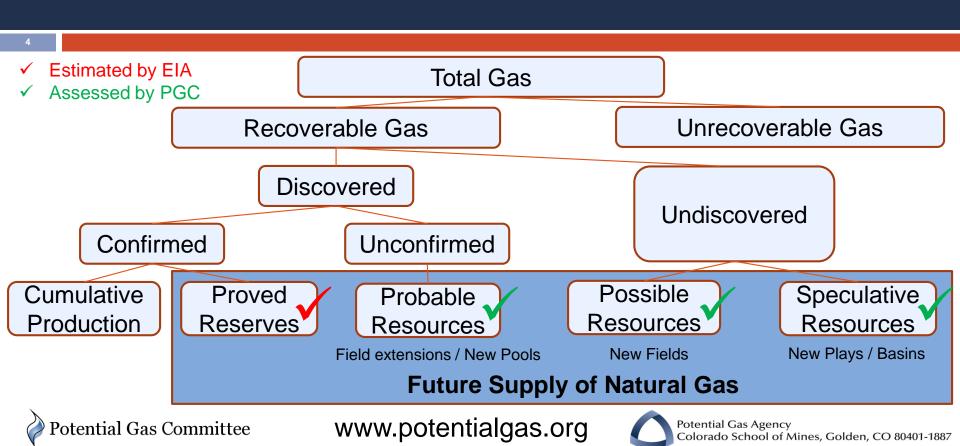
Dr. Alexei V. Milkov Director

- Approves criteria and methods
- Ensures maintenance of standards and objectivity
- Reviews and evaluates reports
- Publishes final assessments of gas resources

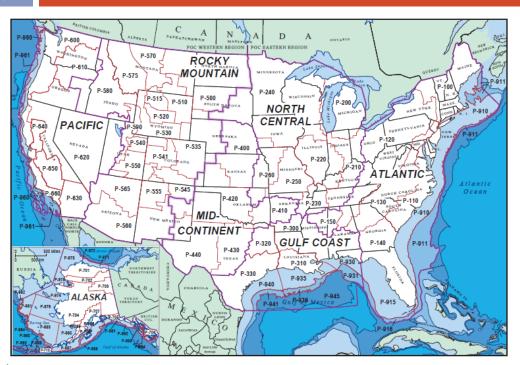




### PGC assesses future supply of natural gas



### 7 PGC work areas and 90 geologic provinces

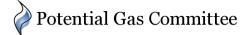


- Settings:
  - Onshore
  - Offshore
- Depth intervals:
  - Shallow (0-15,000 ft.)
  - Deep (15,000-30,000 ft.)
- Reservoir types:
  - Traditional:
    - Conventional and tight
    - Shale gas
  - Coalbed gas (CBM)





- Province-level assessments:
  - Publically-available data.
  - Individual expert judgement by practicing geoscientists and engineers.
  - Group discussions and peer-reviews.
  - Minimum Most Likely Maximum resource values for each province.
- Area-level assessments:
  - Statistical aggregation of province-level assessments to calculate Mean resources values.
- National-level assessment:
  - Statistical aggregation of area-level assessments to calculate mean Grand Total resources for the U.S.
  - Mean values for different types of reservoirs and different resource categories.
  - Addition of EIA's latest published proved reserves (year-end 2015) to calculate future gas supply.

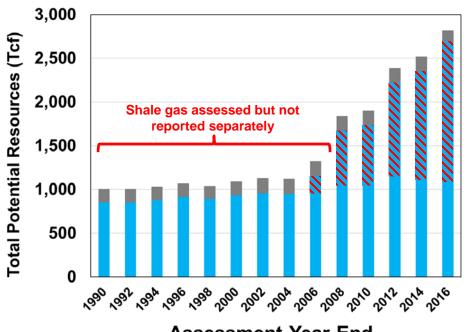




	Mean Technically Recoverable Volumes (trillion cubic feet or Tcf)
Traditional gas resources (conventional, tight and shale reservoirs)	2,658.3
Coalbed gas resources	158.7
Total gas resources	2,817.0
Proved gas reserves (EIA, year-end 2015)	324.3
Future gas supply in the U.S.	3,141.3







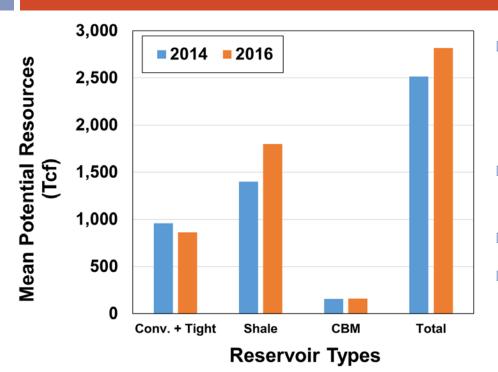
Coalbed gas resources (mean values)

- Shale gas within Traditional resources (most likely values)
- Traditional gas resources: conventional, tight, shale (mean values)
- Continuous growth of gas resources.
- Shale gas is responsible for recent increase in gas resources.

Assessment Year-End







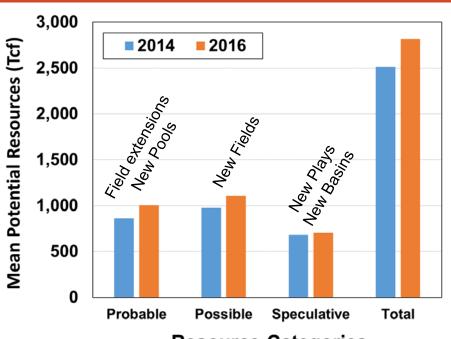
- Reduction of gas resources in conventional and tight sand/carbonate reservoirs (97 Tcf or 10%).
- Significant increase in shale gas resources (399 Tcf or 29%).
  - Coalbed (CBM) resources are flat.
- Total mean potential gas resources increase of 302 Tcf or 12%.



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## Change in gas resources relative to 2014: Resource categories

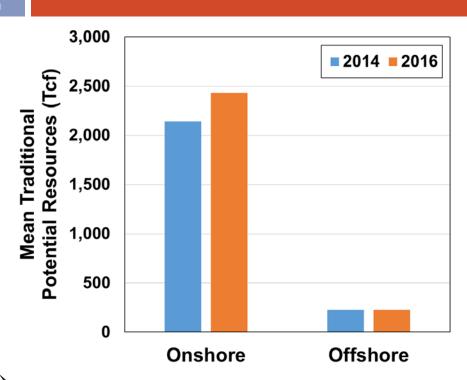


- Resources increased in all categories.
- Probable and Possible resources increased significantly, reflecting continuous development of established plays.
- Little growth of Speculative resources due to limited frontier exploration.





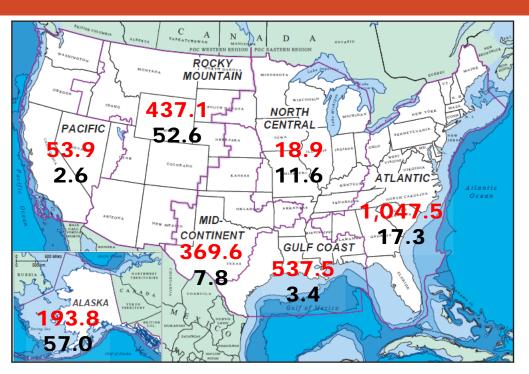
## Change in Traditional gas resources from 2014: Onshore vs Offshore



- Traditional resources:
  - Conventional and tight reservoirs
  - Shale reservoirs
- Significant increase in Onshore gas resources (290 Tcf or 14%).
- No change in Offshore resources.

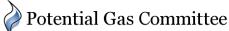
ntial Gas Committee

### 2016 gas resource assessment for Areas



Red values – Total Traditional resources (conventional, tight, shale reservoirs) (mean values, Tcf)

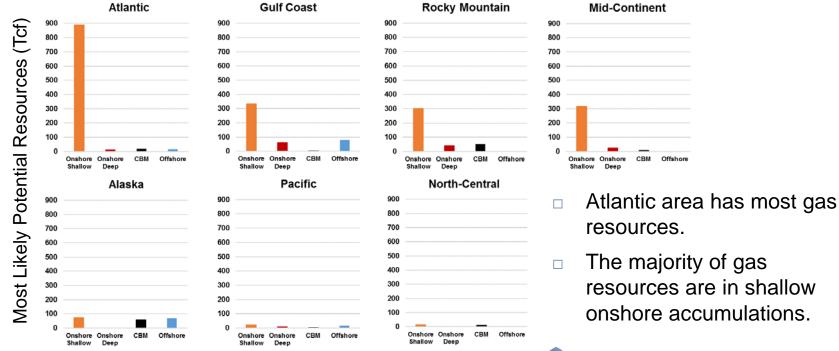
Black values – Coalbed gas resources (most likely values, Tcf)





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### Comparison of gas resources in Areas



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# Areas ranked based on total gas resources (excluding coalbed gas)

PGC Assessment Area	Mean Technically Recoverable Volumes (trillion cubic feet or Tcf)	Proportion
Atlantic	1,047.5	39.4%
Gulf Coast	537.5	20.2%
Rocky Mountain	437.1	16.5%
Mid-Continent	369.6	13.9%
Alaska	193.8	7.3%
Pacific	53.9	2.0%
North Central	18.9	0.7%
Total U.S.	2,658.3	





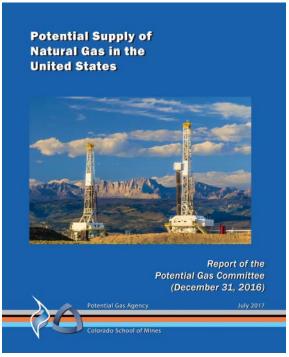
### Summary of year-end 2016 assessment

- □ 2,817 Tcf of total U.S. gas resources (mean value).
- □ 302 Tcf or 12% increase over the previous year-end 2014 assessment.
- Atlantic area has 39% of traditional U.S. gas resources.
- Shale gas accounts for 64% of total U.S. gas resources.
- Total U.S. future gas supply (reserves+resources) stands at record 3,141
   Tcf. This is an increase of 288 Tcf or 10% over the previous year-end 2014 assessment.





### Additional information and report request



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